Lesson 1 CHAPTER 23 EAST ASIA RESEARCH QUESTIONS

DIRECTIONS: True/False Indicate whether the statement is true (T) or false (F).

_____01. China is the largest country in East Asia.

_____02. The Kunlun Shan range is higher than the Himalaya.

_____03. The North China Plain is an important farming area.

DIRECTIONS: Multiple Choice Indicate the answer choice that answers the question.

_____04. What is the sub-region of mainland East Asia that is often called "the roof of the world"?

A. Mount Fuji C. Himalaya range

B. Mount Everest **D.** Plateau of Tibet

_____05. Which of the following is often an effect of a major earthquake in Japan?

A. monsoon C. glaciation

B. tsunami **D.** drought

____06. Why does East Asia have such a great range of climates?

A. The region has very few coastal areas.

B. Lands in the region are mostly at the same elevation.

C. Lands in the region lie in different latitudes and have many ranges of elevation.

D. Lands in the region are either plateaus or mountains.

____07. What is the chief reason that forestland has declined in eastern China?

A. Large numbers of trees died as the result of a fungus.

B. People cut down the trees for heating and building and to create farmland.

C. Most of eastern China's timber has been exported to other countries.

D. People could not afford to heat with coal and used wood instead.

Lesson 2 East Asia

DIRECTIONS: Matching Match each item with its description.

08. 4,000-mile-long caravan route of trade	A. dynasty
09. landowning warriors in early Japan	B. shogun
10. line of rulers from a single family	C. samurai
11. area of country where a single foreign	D. Silk Road
power has exclusive trading rights	E. sphere of influence
12. military leader in early Japan	L . sphere of minuence

DIRECTIONS: Multiple Choice Indicate the answer choice that best answers the question.

____13. Which Chinese thinker based his teachings on the idea that people should live in harmony with nature?

A. Confucius	C. Chiang Kai-shek
B. Zheng He	D. Laozi

_14. What was the main reason the rulers of Japan decided to isolate their country from all foreigners in the 1600s?

A. They wanted to get rid of rebels from foreign countries.

B. They thought the Europeans sided with China.

C. They feared that European powers planned a military conquest of Japan.

D. They did not want to share any profits from trade with foreigners.

____15. What was the main purpose of Mao Zedong's Great Leap Forward?

A. to increase industrial output

B. to create state-owned farms

C. to increase the number of teachers

D. to slow the growth of China's population

_____16. Which East Asian country became a global economic power by the 1990s?

A. North Korea C. Mongolia

B. South Korea **D.** Japan

Lesson 3 East Asia

DIRECTIONS: Multiple Choice Indicate the answer choice that best answers the question.

_17. Why is Hong Kong called "one of the most vertical places on Earth"?

A. It is perched on the side of a mountain.

B. Its limited territory is dominated by tall buildings.

C. It sprawls across a broad, level plain.

D. Its economy has experienced sudden ups and downs.

__18. Which is a true statement about ethnic groups in East Asian countries?

A. Most people in East Asia are of mixed ethnic background.

B. All East Asian ethnic groups speak Mandarin Chinese.

C. People within each country tend to be ethnically similar.

D. All East Asians are either ethnic Chinese or ethnic Japanese.

___19. Why has the percentage of elderly people increased in China and Japan?

A. Fewer children are born as resources are used up.

B. More children are born as living standards decline.

C. More children are born as resources are used up.

D. Fewer children are born as living standards rise.

20. Which country in East Asia has a dispute with Russia over the Kuril Islands?

A. North Korea C. Japan

B. South Korea D. China